

GENDER AND SALW IN SOUTH EAST EUROPE

MEN MAKE UP MORE THAN 95% OF FIREARM OWNERS IN SEE
WOMEN LESS THAN 5%



FIREARMS ARE OFTEN THE WEAPON OF CHOICE IN HOMICIDES

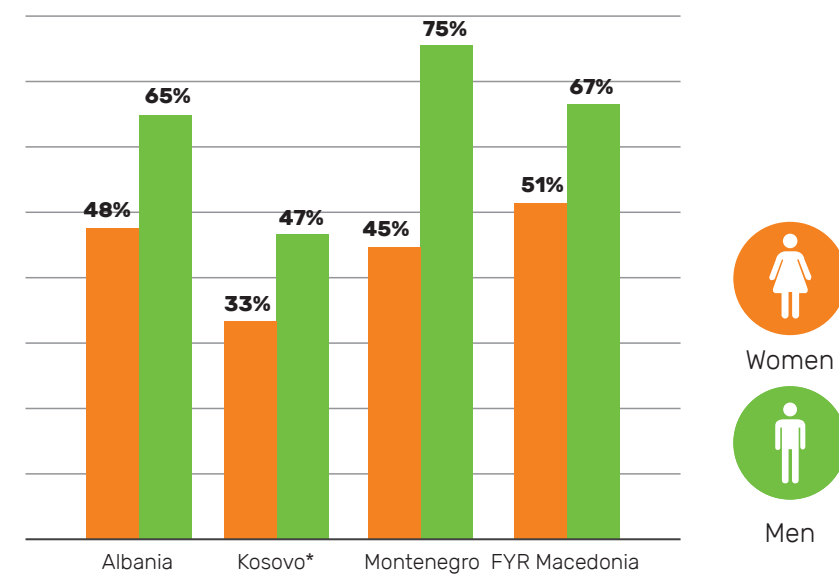
HOMICIDES COMMITTED WITH FIREARMS:

- 66% ALB**
- 30% BIH**
- 38% MKD**
- 70% MNE**
- 42% SRB**

OVER 97% OF FIREARM-RELATED INCIDENTS ARE COMMITTED BY MEN
LESS THAN 3% BY WOMEN

3% **97%**

FIREARM-RELATED DEATHS ARE FREQUENT AMONG BOTH WOMEN AND MEN



MEN ACCOUNT FOR THE VAST MAJORITY OF VICTIMS IN FIREARM-RELATED INCIDENTS

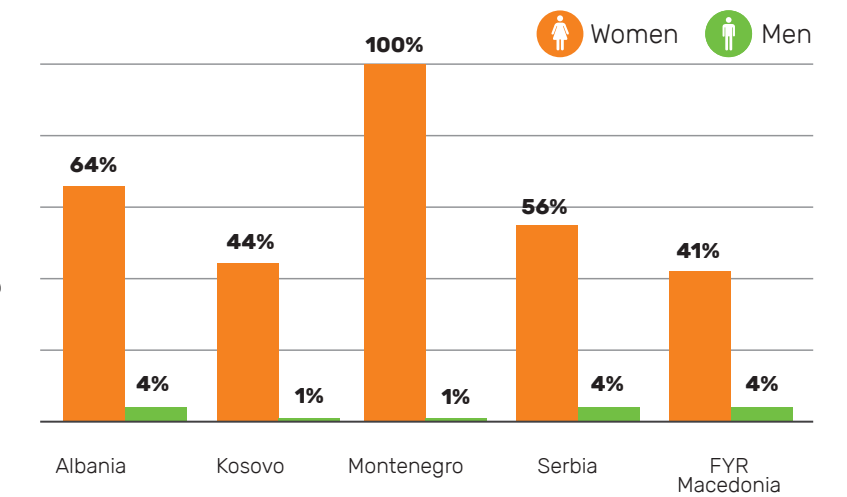
MORE THAN 80%

MEN ARE MORE OFTEN PERPETRATORS THAN VICTIMS OF FIREARM-RELATED INCIDENTS
WOMEN ARE SEVERAL TIMES MORE OFTEN VICTIMS THAN PERPETRATORS

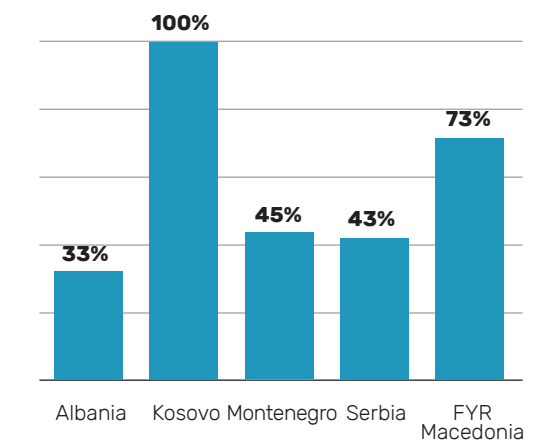


MURDER BY INTIMATE PARTNER IS THE MOST COMMON FORM OF FEMALE HOMICIDES

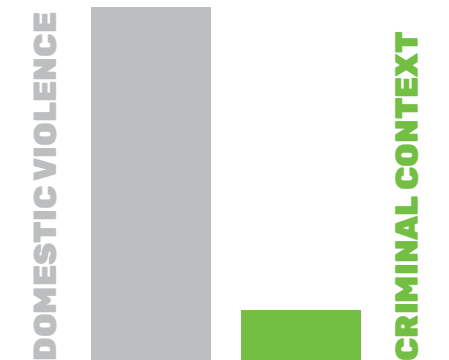
IT COMPRISES ONLY A MINOR SHARE IN THE TOTAL NUMBER OF MALE HOMICIDES



THE HIGH SHARE OF WOMEN MURDERED WITH FIREARMS REFLECTS THE HIGH LETHALITY OF FIREARMS IN DOMESTIC VIOLENCE CONTEXT



THE MISUSE OF FIREARMS IN THE CONTEXT OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE IS SEVEN TIMES MORE FATAL THAN IN A CRIMINAL CONTEXT



WOMEN MORE OFTEN THAN MEN SEE FIREARMS AS A RISK OR A THREAT RATHER THAN A MEANS TO PROTECT THEMSELVES AND THE FAMILY



YOUNG MEN ARE THE MAJORITY OF BOTH VICTIMS AND PERPETRATORS OF FIREARM-RELATED VIOLENCE

ALBANIA
86% PERPETRATORS
79% VICTIMS

KOSOVO
67% PERPETRATORS
63% VICTIMS

BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA
60% PERPETRATORS
72% VICTIMS

FYR MACEDONIA
71% PERPETRATORS
73% VICTIMS

SERBIA
84% PERPETRATORS
72% VICTIMS

MALE AGE 15-44

WOMEN ARE STILL UNDERREPRESENTED IN SALW CONTROL POLICY MAKING. THEY ACCOUNT FOR 14-29% OF MEMBERS OF SALW COMMISSIONS, WHILE THE SHARE OF MEN IS FROM 71-86%



*References to Kosovo shall be understood to be in the context of Security Council resolution 1244 (1999)